ANNEXE 1



2014 Air Quality Progress Report for Waverley Borough Council

In fulfillment of Part IV of the Environment Act 1995 Local Air Quality Management

April 2014

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Executive Summary

This report presents the findings of Waverley Borough Council's Annual Progress Report of Air Quality within the Borough. The Progress Report evaluates new and changed sources to identify those that may require consideration in further reports.

Previous air quality assessments have concluded that concentrations of carbon monoxide, benzene, 1-3-butadiene, lead, sulphur dioxide (SO2) and particulates (PM10) are compliant

with UK air guality objectives. However, concentrations of nitrogen dioxide (NO2) have been found to exceed the annual mean objective at various locations within the Borough. A Detailed Assessment was carried out in 2004 and three Air Quality Management Areas (AQMAs) for annual mean nitrogen dioxide objectives were declared. This declaration committed Waverley to taking action towards achieving air quality objectives in AQMAs. In line with statutory requirements Waverley Borough Council put in place its Air Quality Action Plan in 2008. The Action Plan is an evolving document and since its publication in July 2008 changes have occurred. This includes the Air Quality behaviour-changing campaign that was carried out throughout 2010 and other improving actions associated with inter-agency Air Quality Workshops and Steering Groups. Further to this work, the Farnham project was undertaken. The main objective of this study was to assess the effectiveness of existing and proposed traffic management options included in the AQAP, to determine which would deliver satisfactory reductions in emissions to produce lower concentrations of nitrogen dioxide and attain the NO2 Limits Value by 2015. The Farnham project assessed various low emissions schemes to consider the potential reduction in emissions affecting the Farnham AQMA. This resulted in the publication of the Farnham Traffic Management and Low Emission Feasibility Study.

A further Detailed Assessment was carried out in 2010 which led to the installation of two new nitrogen dioxide diffusion tubes, taking the total site network to 43 diffusion tubes across the Borough. The new monitoring sites were installed at streets approaching Farnham Level Crossing, where the assessment has determined that the concentrations of nitrogen dioxide are close to, but not exceeding, the annual

Waverley Borough Council

mean objectives at locations of relevant exposure in the vicinity of Farnham Level Crossing. Therefore and Air Quality Management Area is not required in this location. However, it should be noted that if measured concentrations increase in the future, the results of the Detailed Assessment should be reconsidered.

The 2013 air monitoring results show that PM₁₀ concentrations in the Borough meet the relevant objectives and have remained fairly constant in the last few years. However, nitrogen dioxide concentrations exceeded the annual mean objective in some but not all locations. Eight exceedences were recorded within existing AQMA's and five locations outside. These locations will require further consideration and monitoring, although two of the locations have previously been reviewed through a Detailed Assessment.

The annual report for 2015 will be a more detailed 'Updating and Screening Assessment' which is required every third year. This is required by Defra in order to maintain a more detailed assessment of the current air quality within Waverley Borough.

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1 Introduction

1.1 Description of Local Authority Area

Waverley Borough is situated in the south-western corner of Surrey. The Borough is largely rural with four main population centres: Farnham, Godalming, Haselmere and Cranleigh. Road traffic has been recognised as the major source of pollution in the Borough.

Two main trunk routes cross Waverley: the A31 London to Winchester and the A3 London to Portsmouth dual carriageways. The latter includes the site of the new Hindhead tunnel which opened in August 2011 in order to relieve a serious bottleneck on the A3 route in the village of Hindhead.

Three Air Quality Management Areas (AQMA) have been declared in the Borough of Waverley where exceedences of the annual mean Air Quality Strategy (AQS) objective for nitrogen dioxide (NO2) were identified, mainly due to traffic congestion.

1.2 Purpose of Progress Report

This report fulfils the requirements of the Local Air Quality Management (LAQM) process as set out in Part IV of the Environment Act (1995), the Air Quality Strategy for England, Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland 2007 and the relevant Policy and Technical Guidance documents. The LAQM process places an obligation on all local authorities to regularly review and assess air quality in their areas, and to determine whether or not the air quality objectives are likely to be achieved. Where exceedences are considered likely, the local authority must then declare an Air Quality Management Area (AQMA) and prepare an Air Quality Action Plan (AQAP) setting out the measures it intends to put in place in pursuit of the objectives.

Progress Reports are required in the intervening years between the three-yearly Updating and Screening Assessment (USA) reports, the last USA Report was published in 2012. Their purpose is to maintain continuity in the LAQM process. They are not intended to be as detailed as USA Reports, or to require as much effort. However, if the Progress Report identifies the risk of exceedence of an Air Quality Objective, the Local Authority (LA) should undertake a Detailed Assessment immediately, and not wait until the next round of Review and Assessment.

1.3 Air Quality Objectives

The air quality objectives applicable to LAQM in England are set out in the Air Quality (England) Regulations 2000 (SI 928), The Air Quality (England) (Amendment) Regulations 2002 (SI 3043), and are shown in Table 1.1. This table shows the objectives in units of microgrammes per cubic metre μ g/m³ (milligrammes per cubic metre, mg/m³ for carbon monoxide) with the number of exceedences in each year that are permitted (where applicable).

Table 1.1Air Quality Objectives included in Regulations for the purpose ofLAQM in England

Pollutant	Air Quality	/ Objective	Date to be
Pollutant	Concentration	Measured as	achieved by
Benzene	16.25 μg/m³	Running annual mean	31.12.2003
	5.00 μg/m ³	Annual mean	31.12.2010
1,3-Butadiene	2.25 µg/m ³	Running annual mean	31.12.2003
Carbon monoxide	10 mg/m ³	Running 8-hour mean	31.12.2003
	0.50 µg/m ³	Annual mean	31.12.2004
Lead	0.25 µg/m ³	Annual mean	31.12.2008
Nitrogen dioxide	200 µg/m ³ not to be exceeded more than 18 times a year	1-hour mean	31.12.2005
	40 µg/m ³ Annual mean		31.12.2005
Particulate Matter (PM ₁₀) (gravimetric)	50 μg/m ³ , not to be exceeded more than 35 times a year	24-hour mean	31.12.2004
	40 µg/m ³	Annual mean	31.12.2004
	350 μg/m ³ , not to be exceeded more than 24 times a year	1-hour mean	31.12.2004
Sulphur dioxide	125 μg/m ³ , not to be exceeded more than 3 times a year	24-hour mean	31.12.2004
	266 µg/m ³ , not to be exceeded more than 35 times a year	15-minute mean	31.12.2005

1.4 Summary of Previous Review and Assessments

Waverley Borough Council (WBC) has completed Progress Reports annually and USA reports every third year. In addition to these standard reports WBC has to date completed a Detailed Assessment (DA) (2004) and an associated Further Assessment (2007). An additional Detailed Assessment was carried out in 2010 at Station Hill, in close proximity to Farnham level crossing.

The first round of review and assessment concluded that no exceedences of statutory air quality objectives were occurring in the Borough and in consequence, no Air Quality Management Areas (AQMAs) were required. However, the 2003 USA report determined that exceedences of the objectives were possible for nitrogen dioxide (NO₂) and therefore a Detailed Assessment of nitrogen dioxide levels were required for three locations: the centres of Farnham and Godalming and in Hindhead at the junction of the A3 and the A287.

The subsequent DA based on computer dispersion modelling and local monitoring, confirmed that exceedences were likely at these locations so the Council declared three AQMAs in 2005, (Figures 1.1 to 1.3 below). These are located in central Farnham, central Godalming, and in Hindhead.

A Further Assessment was undertaken in 2007, which confirmed the findings of the DA and recommended: that the Farnham AQMA be extended and that the other two AQMAs be left unaltered. An Air Quality Action Plan was subsequently developed in relation to the three AQMAs, to meet the requirements under Part IV of the Environment Act 1995, to work towards air quality objectives. However, the opening of the Hindhead Relief Road (Hindhead Tunnel) in August 2011 was expected to improve the air quality problem in that AQMA.

The Council published a detailed USA report of local air quality in 2009, as a result of changes in TG (09) guidance, regarding the identification of narrow congested streets. The USA identified one potential new source and a DA was undertaken. The DA was

carried out on the streets approaching and surrounding Farnham railway level crossing. Results determined that the concentrations of nitrogen dioxide are close to, but not exceeding, the annual mean objective at locations of relevant exposure in the vicinity. Therefore an AQMA is not required in this location. However, if concentrations measured at this location increase in the future, the result of the DA must be reconsidered.

A further Updating and Screening Assessment was carried out in 2012. This identified a number of monitoring sites outside of existing AQMAs that measured exceedences of the annual mean nitrogen dioxide objective. Further assessments were undertaken in the identified areas and these sites recorded lower measured nitrogen dioxide concentrations but only provided six months of relevant data. Further data was required in order to show accurate measured nitrogen dioxide concentration levels.



Figure 1.1Map of Farnham AQMA Boundary© Crown Copyright and database right2012. Ordnance Survey LA100025451.



Figure 1.2 Godalming AQMA Boundary © Crown Copyright and database right 2012. Ordnance Survey LA100025451.



Figure 1.3 Hindhead AQMA Boundary © Crown Copyright and database right 2012. Ordnance Survey LA100025451.

2 New Monitoring Data

2.1 Summary of Monitoring Undertaken

During 2013, monitoring was undertaken at 45 locations across the borough utilising 51 diffusion tubes. Three sites were co-location studies where monitoring was carried out using automatic analysers with triplicate co-located diffusion tubes for the calculation of local bias adjustment factors. At each of these monitoring locations, nitrogen dioxide concentrations are measured, and at Farnham PM₁₀ is also monitored.

2.1.1 Automatic Monitoring Sites

The three automatic monitors are located at roadside locations within, or adjacent to, each of the three AQMA's. All sites measure nitrogen dioxide, whilst the Farnham site also monitors PM₁₀. The location of each analyser is shown in Figures 2.1 to 2.3. No additional automatic monitoring stations have been established since the last USA report which was undertaken in 2012. The equipment is serviced and calibrated on a monthly basis by Enviro Technology. Data from the three sites is then ratified by Air Quality Consultants. Further details of the QA/QC for the automatic monitors is presented in Appendix A.

The Farnham automatic monitoring site is located within the AQMA, at the junction of East Street (A325) and Bear Lane. Nitrogen dioxide concentrations are monitored using an API M200E chemiluminescence NOx analyser, whilst PM10 concentrations are monitored using a Met One Beta-Attenuated (BAM) dust monitor.





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Figure 2.2 Location of the Godalming automatic monitoring station.

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The Hindhead automatic monitoring site is located at the edge of the Hindhead AQMA, close to the junction of the A3 Portsmouth Road and the A287 Hindhead Road. Nitrogen dioxide concentrations are monitored continuously using an API M200E chemiluminescence NOx analyser.





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Site	Hindhead	Farnham	Godalming
Site type	Roadside	Roadside	Roadside
OS Grid Ref	X488819	X484087	X496693
	Y135639	Y146972	Y143695
Pollutants	NO ₂	NO ₂	NO ₂
monitored		PM ₁₀	
Monitoring	Chemiluminescence	Chemiluminescence	Chemiluminescence
technique		Beta attenuation	
Within AQMA?	Ν	Y	Y
Relevant	Y	Y	Y
Exposure?	(20m)	(20m)	(25m)
(distance to relevant exposure)			
Distance to	7m	5m	3m
nearest road kerb			
Represents worst-	Ν	Y	Υ
case exposure?			

Table 2.1 Details of Automatic Monitoring Sites

2.1.2 Non-Automatic Monitoring Sites

Nitrogen dioxide is monitored at 45 sites across the Waverley Borough Council area; 18 sites in Farnham; 3 sites in Hindhead; 11 sites in Godalming; 5 sites in Haslemere; and a further 8 sites in locations across Cranleigh, Bramley, Milford and Dunsfold (see Figure 2.4). Triplicate diffusion tubes are co-located with each of the automatic analysers.

The diffusion tubes are prepared and analysed by Lambeth Scientific Services using the 50% TEA in acetone method. Tubes are changed on a monthly basis. No new diffusion tubes have been placed since the last additions in 2011, following on from recommendations of the Farnham level crossing Detailed Assessment.



Site Name	Site Type	OS Gr	id Ref	Pollutants Monitored	In AQMA?	Relevant Exposure? (Y/N with distance (m) to relevant exposure)	Distance to kerb of nearest road (N/A if not applicable)	Worst-case Location?
Farn 1	Roadside	X484020	Y146910	NO ₂	Ŷ	Next to café with pavement seating	1.8m	Y
Farn 1B	Kerbside	X484064	Y146928	NO ₂	Y	Ν	0.9m	Y
Farn 2	Roadside	X483907	Y146831	NO ₂	Y	Y (15m)	1.5m	Y
Farn 3	Urban Background	X483654	Y146600	NO ₂	N	Y (10m)	N/A	Ν
Farn 4	Urban Background	X483407	Y146794	NO ₂	Ν	Ν	N/A	Ν
Farn 5	Roadside	X484423	Y147233	NO ₂	Y	Y (10m)	2.1m	Y
Farn 6	Kerbside	X483915	Y149039	NO ₂	N	Y (3m)	1.0m	Y
Farn 7	Roadside	X484233	Y146782	NO ₂	Y	Ν	5.0m	Y
Farn 8a/b/c *	Roadside	X484087	Y146972	NO ₂	Y	15m from pavement café	3.0m	Y
Farn 9	Roadside	X484761	Y149431	NO ₂	N	Y (5m)	2.0m	Y
Farn 10	Roadside	X483152	Y148703	NO ₂	N	Y (20m)	1.7m	Y
Farn 11	Roadside	X482717	Y145183	NO ₂	N	Y (8m)	2.0m	Y
Farn 12	Roadside 🧹	X482766	Y145632	NO ₂	N	Y (2m)	2.0m	Y
Farn 13	Roadside	X484416	Y146619	NO ₂	Y	Y (2m)	1.7m	Y
Farn 14	Roadside	X484446	Y146609	NO ₂	N	Y (10m)	1.0m	Y
Farn 16	Roadside	X484616	Y146230	NO ₂	Y	Y (1.1m)	1.9m	Y
Farn 18	Roadside	X484645	Y146570	NO ₂	N	Y (1.5m)	2.0m	Y
Farn 19	Roadside	X484620	Y146493	NO ₂	N	Y(0M)	0.5M	Y
God 1	Roadside	X496497	Y143508	NO ₂	Y	Y (0m)	7.0m	Y
God 2	Roadside	X497294	Y143981	NO ₂	N	N	2.0m	Y
God 3	Roadside	X497376	Y144153	NO ₂	N	Y (10m)	2.0m	Y
God 4	Roadside	X497320	Y143864	NO ₂	Y	Y (10m)	1.9m	Y

Table 2.2 Details of Non- Automatic Monitoring Sites

CodE	Poodsido	¥406740	V1/2721	NO	V	V (20m)	1 5 m	V			
God S	Roadside	X490740	¥145721		T N	f (5011)	1.5111	ł			
God 6	Roadside	X497387	Y143437	NO ₂	N	Y (6M)	2.0m	Y			
God /	Kerbside	X496778	Y143656	NO ₂	N	Y (OM)	2M	Y			
God 8a/b/c*	Roadside	X496693	Y143695	NO ₂	Y	Y(0M)	3M	Y			
God 9	Kerbside	X496780	Y143695	NO ₂	N	Y (5M)	0M	Y			
God 10	Roadside	X497275	Y143844	NO ₂	Y	Y(1.5M)	2.2M	Y			
God 11	Roadside	X498025	Y144653	NO ₂	N	Y(1M)	2.2M	Y			
Pet 1	Roadside	X494483	Y141316	NO ₂	N	N	3.5m	Y			
Hind 1	Kerbside	X488774	Y135705	NO ₂	Y	N	0.8m	Υ			
Hind 2	Urban Background	X488095	Y134369	NO ₂	N	N	N/A	Ν			
Hasl 1	Roadside	X490486	Y132819	NO ₂	N	N	2.2m	Y			
Hasl 2	Urban Background	X485928	Y133005	NO ₂	N	Ν	N/A	Ν			
Hasl 3	Roadside	X490636	Y133160	NO ₂	N	Y (10m)	1.5m	Υ			
Hasl 4	Roadside	X489090	Y132842	NO ₂	N	Y (1.6m)	1.5m	Y			
Hasl 5	Kerbside	X490599	Y133106	NO ₂	N	Y(10M)	1.5M	Y			
AU a/b/c *	Roadside	X488819	Y135639	NO ₂	N	Y (20m)	3.2m	Y			
Cran 1	Roadside	X505808	Y139078	NO ₂	N	N	1.3m	N			
Cran 2	Urban Background	X506883	Y138514	NO ₂	Ν	Y	N/A	Ν			
Cran 4	Roadside	X504760	Y140683	NO ₂	N	Y (5m)	1.7m	Y			
Bram 2	Roadside	X501498	Y144049	NO ₂	N	Y (13m)	3.7m	N			
Bram 3	Roadside	X500908	Y144780	NO ₂	N	Y(5m)	3.6m	Y			
Dun 1	Roadside	X504051	Y135373	NO ₂	N	N	5.0m	N			
Dun 2	Urban Background	X502765	Y13731*9	NO ₂	Ν	Y (30m)	N/A	Ν			
* Co-located with automatic monitor				r							

2.2 Comparison of Monitoring Results with Air Quality Objectives

This section summarises air quality monitoring data measured within the Waverley area

2.2.1 Nitrogen Dioxide (NO₂)

Automatic Monitoring Data

A summary of the air quality monitoring data from Waverley automatic monitoring sites are shown in Tables 2.3a & 2.3b.

The continuous monitoring at Farnham and Godalming had good data capture at 99.5% and 99.2% respectively. Measured concentrations at these sites indicate a slight increase compared to 2012 (table 2.3a), but stayed below the corresponding hourly mean objective (table 2.3b). Both sites are located within the AQMAs for the respective areas.

At the Hindhead station data capture for nitrogen dioxide was only 50.3% owing to equipment failure. The measured concentration at this site shows a decrease compared to 2012, also staying below the corresponding hourly mean objective. This site is not located within the AQMA, as defined by the predicted area of exceedence of the annual mean objective, and is set some way back from the junction with A3.

			Data Capture	Annual m	ean concen	trations 40 (µg/m ³)
Site ID	Location	Within AQMA ?	for full calendar year 2013 %	2011	2012	2013 Objective (annual mean): 40 μg/m ³
Godalming	Ockford Road	Y	99.2	26.1	27.8	28.6
Hindhead	Heather Way	Ν	50.3*	38.9	36.8a	34.5a
Farnham	Woolmead	Y	99.5	35.1	36.1	36.6

 Table 2.3a: Results of Automatic Monitoring for Nitrogen Dioxide –

 Comparison with Annual Mean Objective

a Where period of valid data is less than 90% of a full year, the site annualisation calculation has been carried out according to the methodology outlined in LAQM TG(09).

* Data capture in Hindhead covers 6 months (Jan-Jun) owing to equipment failure

Exceedences of the relevant air quality objective are indicated in **bold**

			Data Capture for full	Number of Exceedences of hourly mean (200 µg/m ³)a			
Site ID	Location	Within AQMA?	calendar yearObjective (1-hour mean):2013the 200µg/m³ limit should not be exceeded more than 18 times p.a			ır mean): hould not be 18 times p.a.	
				2011	2012	2013	
Godalming	Ockford Road	Y	99.2	2 (103.5)	0	0	
Hindhead	Heather Way	Ν	50.3	0(113.3)	0(112.2)	0 (109.1)	
Farnham	Woolmead	Y	99.5	0(115.2)	0	0	

Table 2.3b: Results of Automatic Monitoring for Nitrogen Dioxide – Comparison with 1-hour Mean Objective

a Where data capture was less than 90%, the 99.8th percentile of hourly means are presented in brackets.

Diffusion Tube Monitoring Data

In 2013, nitrogen dioxide diffusion monitoring was undertaken at 45 locations across the Borough. This included the three co-location sites with automatic monitors at Farnham, Godalming and Hindhead, where diffusion tubes are exposed in triplicate.

A local bias adjustment factor has been applied to correct the diffusion tube measurements as the national bias adjustment factor considers only one study. The local bias adjustment, which considers the worst case scenario, has led to a slight increase in measurements across the Borough with an overall of thirteen sites found to exceed the annual mean nitrogen dioxide objective. Eight exceedences were within existing AQMA's and five were located outside (table 2.4).

The highest annual mean concentration was recorded at Farnham, Farn1b (55.6 μ g/m³). Other sites where bias-adjusted concentrations exceeded the annual mean NO₂ objective during 2013 were; Farn1 (51.3 μ g/m³); Farn2 (43.4 μ g/m³); Farn5 (42.7 μ g/m³); Farn9 (40.0 μ g/m³); Farn12 (42.5 μ g/m³); Farn14 (49.7 μ g/m³); Farn18 (46.7 μ g/m³); God1 (43.7 μ g/m³); God4 (43.7 μ g/m³); God7 (45.6 μ g/m³); Hind1 (44.3 μ g/m³) and Hasl4 (40.3 μ g/m³).

Sites Farn 14 and 18 are located at streets approaching and surrounding Farnham level crossing which has previously been subject to a Detailed Assessment study. The study concluded that the indicated exceedences occur at ground level where there is no relevant exposure. Although there are residential flats at the 1st floor above the Waverley Arms Public House and at 1st and 2nd floor above the shops, predictions from the air dispersion modelling study indicated that nitrogen dioxide concentrations decline with increasing height, such that the annual mean concentration (although close to the objective) is not exceeding at 1st floor level and above and therefore the AQMA is not required for this area. Network rail have also completed works at Farnham level crossing to renew the barrier, which is the cause of queuing traffic at this location. The new system will run automatically replacing the old manual system and is considered to be more efficient and may reduce the time that cars are held queuing at this barrier. Monitoring will continue at this location and if the measured concentrations continue to increase in the future, then the results of the Detailed Assessment should be reconsidered.

Sites Farn 1, 1b, 2 and 5, and God 1and 4 are located within existing AQMA's. Sites Farn 9 and Hasl 4 have both reduced in concentration during 2013 and are only just reaching the threshold for the annual mean objectives. Sites Farn 12, God 7, and Hind 1 will require further consideration and monitoring. The overall measured concentration for the Borough has increased throughout 2013 with a noticeable increase during the second half of the year. The concentrations increased significantly during November and December 2013, coinciding with severe weather patterns and high levels of construction works across the Borough.

The USA report 2012 recommended a Detailed Assessment should be carried out for High Street, Haslemere. Additional diffusion tubes were located on High Street at locations of relevant exposure in order to gain further information on the concentrations of nitrogen dioxide in this vicinity. The additional monitoring gathered six months worth of data and indicated that the concentrations of nitrogen dioxide were below the annual mean objectives. Throughout 2013 only Hasl 4 is on the exceedence threshold and therefore continued monitoring will be required to confirm that there is a likely exceedence at this location. God 7 has lowered in concentration but still exceeds the annual mean concentration. A previous recommendation for a DA at this location was not considered appropriate at that time as the tube had been relocated during the second half of 2012 and the combined data reflected lower concentrations than were previously detected. Full data for 2013 reflects that there are exceedences at this location and a Detailed Assessment will need to be conducted.

Site ID	Location	Within AQMA?	% Data Capture for full calendar	Annual mean concentrations (μg/m ³) Objective (annual mean): 40μg/m ³			
			year 2013	2011	2012	2013	
Farnham Sites							
Farn 1	Café Rouge Farnham	Y	91	52.6	43.8	51.3	
Farn 1B	Opposite FARN1	Y	100	52.3	50.9	55.6	
Farn 2	Roundabout in West St and Downing St	Y	100	48.0	39.5	43.4	
Farn 3	Bishopsmead off West St	N	91	16.3	16.5	18.2	
Farn 5	East St , St James House	Y	83	38.6	41.4	42.7	
Farn 6	no 120, A3016, Upper Hale	N	100	35.9	34.2	35.2	
Farn 7	South St, Farnham	Y	100	34.6	30.9	31.6	
Farn 8	Co-location study Woolmead	Y	100	35.5	33.6	34.5	
Farn 9	Post near 95 Farnborough Road, close to junction with Alma Road	N	91	39.0	38.1	40.0	
Farn 10	Old Park Close Jn, A287, Folly Hill	N	91	24.8	22.3	25.0	
Farn11	The Street junction	N	91	32.6	26.3	32.6	
Farn 12	Bottom of A325 Wrecclesham Road	N	83.3	40.9	17.1	42.5*	
Farn 13	Tasty House , Station Hill no.1, Farnham,	N	91	41.6	34.5	37.1	
Farn 14	Elmsleigh House Dental Clinic, Station Hill	N	91	54.6	47.4	49.7	
Farn16	2A - 2B Waverley Lane, Farnham	N	91	31.0	29.4	25.7	
Farn 18	Station Hill Store, Farnham	N	91	29.9	34.1	46.7	
Farn 19	Waverley Arms PH, Farnham	Ν	100	30.4	24.8	24.3	
	Godalm	ing Sites					
God 1	70 Flambards Way	Y	83	33.2	33.7	43.7*	
God2	Bridge St, Godalming	N	91	26.0	22.6	21.6	
God3	Bridge Road outside Children's nursery	N	91	35.4	29.2	37.3	

Table 2.4: Results of Nitrogen Dioxide Diffusion Tubes

God4	Police Stn, Flambards Way	Y	66	44.2	45.5	43.7*
CodE	Flambard Way/High	Y	83	41.4	34.7	38.3*
0005	St/Ockford Road Jn					
God6	Brighton Road nr Underhill	N	83	27.2	24.0	23.9*
0000	Close					
God7	St Hilary's School	N	83	49.2	45.1	45.6*
	Holloway Hill	_				
God 8	Co-location study, Ockford Road	Y	91	n/a	27.9	31.0
God 9	70 Croft Rd, Godalming	N	83	n/a	28.2**	33.8*
God 10	Felica Court, Flambards Way, Godalming	Y	75	n/a	34.6**	34.9*
God 11	Catteshall Lane, Godalming	Ν	83	n/a	27.3**	24.2*
Pet1	Petworth Rd	Ν	91	20.9	24.7	22.9
	Hindh	ead Sites			-	-
Hind1	London Rd/Hindhead Rd	Y	91	47.1	39.0	44.3
111101	cross roads					
Hind 2	Grove School, High Pitfold,	N	91	15.8	16.8	17.3
11110 2	Hindhead					
Hasl 1	Town Hall, High St	N	100	31.4	26.6	29.4
Hasl 2	Car Park, Weydown Rd,	N	83	18.8	14.2	14.9*
Hasl 3	High St, Haslemere	Ν	83	41.9	37.4	34.1*
Hasl 4	90 to 98 Wey Hill	N	91	36.7	37.4	40.3
Hasl 5	Heath Edge Cottage, High St, Haslemere	N	91	n/a	32.2**	33.9
ALL 1 /2 /2*	Heather Way co-location	N	100	36.9	30.3	30.0
AU 1/2/3*	study					
	Cranle	eigh Sites		-	-	-
Cran 1	Barclays Bank, High Street,	N	100	22.2	20.4	20.7
	Cranleigh					
Cran 2	Avenue Rd, Cranleigh	N	100	13.7	14.9	14.7
Cran/	Nutshell House (opp. shops)	N	100	23.3	22.3	24.2
	Rowly					
	Bram	ley Sites	•			
Bram 2	No 3, Hirst Hill Cottages,	N	100	25.1	25.3	24.4
Diam 2	Bramley					
Bram 3	No 12, Bramley High St	N	91	21.6	21.6	22.8
	Dunst	fold Sites				
Dun 1	Alfold traffic island	Ν	100	25.3	24.9	28.8
Dun 2	Stovolds Hill opposite	Ν	100	18.0	18.0	17.8
Dun 2	"The Old Farmhouse"					

*Site with less than 90% data capture during 2013

** Site set up in second half of 2012

Exceedences of 40 µg/m3 annual mean NO2 objective are highlighted in **bold**. Bias adjustment factors: 2013 (0.90), 2012 (0.91), 2011 (1.08),

2.2.2 Particulate Matter (PM₁₀)

Measured PM10 concentrations have been well below the annual mean and daily mean objectives consistently over the past few years. During 2013 there were only two daily mean concentrations which exceeded 50µg/m³, compared with 35 allowed. This is a further reduction from the 7 exceedences during 2012.

Overall, concentrations have remained low and are not considered to be significant within Waverley.

			Data Capture	An	nual mean o Objective (a	concentrations nnual mean):	(40 μg/m³) 40μg/m ³
Site ID	Location	Within AQMA?	for full calendar year 2013 %	2010	2011	2012	2013
Farnham	Woolmead	Y	91.4	21.0	23.3	21.0	21.5

Table 2.5a Results of PM₁₀ Automatic Monitoring: Comparison with Annual Mean Objective

* Less than 90% data capture.

Table 2.5b Results of PM₁₀ Automatic Monitoring: Comparison with 24-hour Mean Objective

Site ID	Location	Within AQMA?	Data Capture 2013 %	Num Objectiv can not	ber of Exce o (5) re (24-hour t be exceed	edences of da bjective Ο μg/m ³) mean): the 50 ed more than year	a ily mean Ο μg/m ³ limit 35 times at
				2010	2011	2012	2013
Farnham	Woolmead	Υ	91.4	2	7	7	2

*Where data capture <90%, 90.4th %ile of hourly mean in brackets.

2.2.3 Sulphur Dioxide

Sulphur Dioxide is not monitored in Waverley Borough Council area.

2.2.4 Benzene

Benzene is not currently monitored within the Waverley Borough Council area. Monitoring ceased at the end of 2008; measured concentrations prior to cessation of monitoring were well below the national objectives.

2.2.5 Other pollutants Measured

No other pollutants are monitored within the Waverley Borough Council area.

2.2.6 Summary of Compliance with AQS Objectives

There has been an overall slight increase in measured concentrations throughout Waverley during 2013. Exceedences are recorded at thirteen sites, with five that lie outside of AQMA's. Two sites have previously been subject to a Detailed Assessment and were not considered to be exceeding the annual objectives at the locations of relevant exposure.

The overall increase across the Borough may not indicate a long term trend and will need to be monitored closely to determine whether there is a need to continue to Detailed Assessments for some locations which are currently exceeding the annual nitrogen dioxide objective. God 7, Holloway Hill, Godalming, is likely to be an exception as it has previously measured high concentrations.

Automatic continuous monitoring of PM10 at Farnham town centre indicates that the UK objectives for PM10 are being complied with in this area. Further, following the previous USA report in 2012, it is evident that exceedences of these objectives are unlikely at any location within the Waverley BC area.

Monitoring will continue across the Borough at the existing locations, however, owing to the continued exceedence of the measured concentration of nitrogen dioxide, and the improved data at God 7 it will now be necessary to proceed to a Detailed Assessment.

Waverley Borough Council has examined the results from monitoring in the Borough.

Concentrations within the AQMA still exceed the annual mean objectives for nitrogen dioxide (NO₂) at Farnham and Godalming and the AQMA should remain. Concentrations within the AQMA at Hindhead are below the annual mean objectives for nitrogen dioxide (NO₂) and Waverley will consider revoking the AQMA.

Waverley Borough Council has measured concentrations of nitrogen dioxide (NO2) above the annual mean objective at relevant locations outside of the AQMA at Godalming, and **will need to proceed to a Detailed Assessment**, for God 7, Holloway Hill, Godalming.

3 New Local Developments

3.1 Road Traffic Sources

Road traffic sources were considered in the previous Updating and Screening Assessment.

Waverley confirms that there are no new or newly identified

- narrow congested streets with residential properties close to the kerb
- busy streets where people may spend one hour or more close to traffic
- roads with a high flow of buses and/or HGVs
- junctions
- new roads constructed or proposed since the last Updating and Screening Assessment
- roads with significantly changed traffic flows
 - bus or coach stations

which may have an impact on air quality within the Local Authority area.

3.2 Other Transport Sources

The nearest airport to Waverley Borough is Farnborough, which is located 1 km from the Borough and has annual throughput well below 10 million passengers per year.

Waverley confirms that there are no new or newly identified

- airports
- railways locations where diesel or steam trains are regularly stationary for periods of 15 minutes or more, with potential for relevant exposure within 15m
- locations with a large number of movements of diesel locomotives, and potential long-term relevant exposure within 30m
- ports for shipping

which may have an impact on air quality within the Local Authority area.

3.3 Industrial Sources

Industrial sources were considered in the previous Updating and Screening Assessment.

Waverley confirms that there are no:
 new or proposed installations
 existing installations where emissions have increased
substantially or new relevant exposure has been introduced
 new or significantly changed installations with no previous air
quality assessment
 major fuel storage depots storing petrol
- new or newly identified petrol stations
- new newly identified poultry farms
which may have an impact on air quality within the Local Authority area.

3.4 Commercial and Domestic Sources

Commercial and Domestic Sources were considered in previous Updating and Screening Assessment with regards to Biomass plants. A Detailed Assessment was unnecessary.

Waverley confirms that there are no new or newly identified:

Areas where the combined impact of several biomass combustion sources may be relevant
Areas where domestic solid fuel burning may be relevant.

which may have an impact on air quality within the Local Authority area.

3.5 New Developments with Fugitive or Uncontrolled Sources

No complaints have been received regarding fugitive dust problems caused by any identified industrial processes within the Borough since the last USA report in 2012.

Waverley confirms that there are no new or newly identified:
- landfill sites
- quarries
 haulage roads on industrial sites
 waste transfer stations etc.
 other potential sources of fugitive particulate emissions
which may have an impact on air quality within the Local Authority area.

Waverley Borough Council confirms that there are no new or newly identified local developments which may have an impact on air quality within the Local Authority area.

Waverley Borough Council confirms that all the following have been considered:

- Road traffic sources
- Other transport sources
- Industrial sources
- Commercial and domestic sources
- New developments with fugitive or uncontrolled sources.

4 Planning Applications

4.1 East Street Development, Farnham: WA/2008/0278 & WA/2010/1650

The following development has been granted approval in 2008 for a mixed-use development of 239 residential units, a new multi-screen cinema, shops, cafes and restaurants in Farnham Town Centre. The proposed site is adjacent to the current Farnham AQMA. An Air Quality Impact Assessment has been submitted with the application to assess the effect of development.

However due to modification with respect to the construction phase of the development the Environmental Health Service has been consulted on the air quality implications of provision of temporary construction at the A31, comprising bridge across the River Wey, pedestrian underpass, other supporting infrastructure and reinstatement works including re-siting of the proposed footbridge across the River Wey from that approved under WA/2008/0278. Environmental Health was concerned that initially assessed impacts on air quality did not consider all aspects of road traffic movements associated with construction of temporary access. The potential impacts of dust emissions generated during the construction and reinstallation phase also were questioned.

In March 2011 planning permission for this development was granted, however, to offset the potential impacts of the development on air quality, Environmental Health requested the implementation of strict traffic and dust emission mitigation measures which should be summarised in a Method of Construction Statement subject to a planning condition.

The development applicants are due to re-submit a new and updated EIA for the location to assess the impacts and options for mitigation.

This development has been highlighted in previous progress reports.

5 Air Quality Planning Policies

Waverley Borough Council is currently developing a core strategy and are looking to incorporate specific guidance and policies relating to human health and the environment. These include noise policies and air quality guidance.

Consideration is also being given to the adoption of a Surrey wide planning guidance for air quality and noise to ensure consistency and best practice. These plans will be reported upon in future years as they are adopted and actioned.

6 Local Transport Plans and Strategies

The Surrey Transport Plan is the third Local Transport Plan (LTP) for the county. It is a statutory plan (required by the Local Transport Act 2008 and Transport Act 2000), which replaced the second LTP on 1 April 2011. The strategies look forward to 2026 and will be reviewed every three to five years as necessary.

Transport strategies reviewed and developed as part of the Surrey Transport Plan include;

- Air Quality Strategy
- Climate Change Strategy
- Congestion Strategy
- Freight Strategy
- Parking Strategy
- Passenger Transport Strategy
- Travel Planning Strategy

The Air Quality Strategy is one of the core strategies of the Surrey Transport Plan. The proposed aim of the Air Quality Strategy is to improve air quality in AQMAs on the county roads network. This is to enable Surrey's boroughs and districts to revoke these areas as soon as possible to help meet the national air quality objectives in declared AQMAs.

The Congestion Strategy was open for consultation under the Surrey Future programme in May 2013. Waverley responded to the consultation in order to ensure that air quality objectives are taken into consideration alongside congestion issues.

All three Waverley AQMAs were declared in relation to excessive nitrogen dioxide concentrations. The main source of this pollution is road traffic. While it is recognised that the AQMAs are the responsibility of the Districts, Surrey County Council has a clear role in working towards achieving air quality objectives in the majority of the AQMAs in Surrey. This has led to the implementation of a steering group, with representatives from Surrey County Council transport planners, Waverley environmental health and other key partners involved in air quality. These meetings facilitate specific transport measures and interventions used to deliver key elements

of the strategies and measures included in Waverley's Air Quality Action Plan, for example;

Developing Urban Traffic Control and traffic signal strategies. Providing infrastructure to support use of hybrid/electric vehicles. Advisory signage to inform drivers of air quality issues and solutions. Enhanced enforcement of parking and loading restriction. Roadside emissions testing. Developing Freight Quality Partnerships

7 Climate Change Strategies

This first Climate Change Strategy for Surrey has been developed by the Surrey Climate Change Partnership (SCCP) as a focal point for the County's future action on climate change. The strategy seeks to provide a framework to effectively address climate change across Surrey up 2020. It will be delivered through the Partnership approach that has been successfully established between the Surrey Climate Change Partnership (SCCP) members.

The strategy shares the vision for Surrey and the principles of improving quality of life for people living and working there by addressing social, economic and environmental well-being. To achieve this, the Strategy establishes a comprehensive framework for consistently addressing climate change across Surrey, with central objectives of:

- Progressive and permanent reductions in carbon dioxide (CO₂) and other climate changing emissions;
- Effective adaptation to the impacts of climate change; and
- Raising awareness of climate change impacts and solutions.

Under each of these objectives the strategy identifies clear policy aims and necessary actions structured as a range of common work streams. These work streams will be developed under these aims that allow members to reflect their own priorities, whilst working collectively to maximum effect. For each of these work streams the strategy illustrates opportunities to develop good practice through examples of current activity in both Surrey and the UK.

In 2010 the SCCP commissioned Carbon Descent to conduct carbon scenario modelling to identify optimum routes, in terms of energy generation and efficiency measures, to achieve two scenarios; firstly to meet national carbon reduction targets and secondly going further to make Surrey one of the lowest carbon areas. The results of the study recommends that Surrey should make far greater use of its locally available biomass resource for power generation and at commercial scales, along with significant installation of household energy efficiency measures and micro-generation domestic renewable, including heat pumps.

Comments:

Although the potential role of biomass combustion in achieving national carbon reduction targets across Surrey has been recognised, there are concerns that a large increase in biomass combustion, particularly in Air Quality Management Areas and urban areas with great density, could have a detrimental effect of pollution concentration in particular PM and NO₂. These concerns should be considered by SCCP when working towards the Climate Change Strategy targets.



8 Implementation of Action Plans

Waverley's Air Quality Action Plan (AQAP) published in 2008 was followed by the first AQAP Annual Progress Report in April 2009 and Air Quality Progress Report in 2010. The Air Quality Action Plan included the various projects identified as contributing to improvements in air quality. Table 7.1 summarises those projects and is updated to include changes since the previous Air Quality Progress Report.

The Hindhead tunnel and bypass were completed as expected in 2011. It had been assumed that the re-routing of the traffic flow would help to alleviate the nitrogen dioxide exceedences in the AQMA. Post operative monitoring is ongoing in the area to determine any reductions in the annual emission targets, with the aim of revoking the AQMA. In the years since the tunnel opened there has been a significant reduction in the annual mean nitrogen dioxide level in the Hindhead area. This has led to Hindhead dropping below the 40µg/m³ objective limit, and 2013 has seen the most significant drop to 30.0µg/m³, this is based on the local bias factor which reflects the worst case scenario. It is recognised that the data for the Hindhead AQMA only allows for six months of data collection due to equipment failure, but it is relevant and accurate as it has been ratified and annualised to correct any errors. This allows for higher confidence in the monitoring results and ensures that the measured concentrations remain lower than the annual mean objectives. Waverley are currently in discussion with Defra to review the revocation options for Hindhead.

Continuation of joint work between Surrey County Council and Waverley Borough Council has led to new strategies being implemented to tackle traffic related air quality issues. This initially led to the implementation of loading time restrictions in Farnham town centre to alleviate congestion. However, following the Detailed Assessment on air quality in the location of Farnham level crossing, SCC have since discussed the option of re-validating the Urban Traffic Control system (UTC). This would aim to reduce queue lengths and waiting times at the level crossing, therefore, reducing traffic emissions affecting air quality in the area.

The Farnham project which led to the Farnham Traffic Management and Low Emission Feasibility Study, was undertaken as part of the Defra projects programme that Waverley actioned as part of the AQAP. Other projects undertaken through the projects programme that will be updated throughout 2014 include a Health Impact Assessment to assess the health impacts from calculated emissions reductions. A Godalming feasibility study will also be undertaken, this will follow a similar model to the Farnham project, and proposes to understand the impacts of the air quality in Godalming, particularly with relation to the AQMA.



Waverley Borough Council

Action Plan

Current and completed actions 2008 - 2014

Action Plan Progress Table 3

Current Actions

Current Actions	
Item No.	1
Measure	Farnham Review Study option 2b
Focus	An holistic set of traffic interventions for Farnham Town Centre e.g. road space reallocation, construction of new
	cycle routes and cycle facilities, part-time closure of The Borough (road with highest air quality exceedences)
Lead	Surrey County Council
authority	
Planning	East Street Development Working Group is trying to put together a project plan to work backwards from a start date
phase	so that triggers and actions can be more easily calculated.
Implemen-	Actual dates for East Street development are not yet known.
tation phase	
Indicator	Adoption of package 2b as outlined in Farnham Review Study
Target	To be quantified when it appears likely that the recommendations of the Farnham Review study get the go ahead.
annual	However package 2b has the potential to remove air quality exceedences from the Farnham AQMA.
emission	
reduction in	
the AQMA	
Progress to	The permission for a major development (the East Street development) has been granted with a section 106
date	agreement.
	A Defra project to assess the effectiveness of traffic management options in Farnham was carried out in 2012 and
	this work is ongoing.
Progress in	In March 2011 planning permission was given for construction of temporary access to the East Street development
last 12	site. The Farnham project led to the publication of the Farnham Traffic Management and Low Emission Feasibility
months	Study
Estimated	Not yet known.
completion	
date	
Comments	When the funds become available the main areas of allocation are:
relating to	Park & Stride Implementation Measures – up to £250k
emission	Town Centre Traffic Reduction Measures Study - £25k
reductions	Town Centre Traffic Reduction Measures – up to £75k
	- s278 improvements to junctions on East Street and restoring two way working on Woolmead.
	- 5278 improvements to public transport waiting areas (e.g. new shelters or real time information).

Item No.	2
Measure	Waverley Corporate Travel Plan
Focus	A suite of actions aimed at reducing the impact of staff commuting to work and driving to work meetings
Lead	Waverley Borough Council
authority	
Planning	2008 – travel plan measures were tested during a Green Travel Week and subsequent travel survey
phase	
Implemen-	March 2009 – launch and continued marketing of Waverley Car Share
tation phase	
Indicator	An annual travel survey will outline changes in travel behaviour including any increases in car sharing etc
Target	Less than 1% - likely to impact Godalming AQMA as this route is used by a number of staff working in the Waverley
annual	office in Godalming
emission	
reduction in	
the AQMA	
Progress to	Two low emission staff pool cars now available & in use.
date	
Progress in	Two low emission staff pool cars now available & in use. 51 members of staff registered.
last 12	
months	
Estimated	On going
completion	
date	
Comments	
relating to	
emission	
reductions	

Item No.	3
Measure	Hindhead Tunnel and bypass
Focus	A 1.1 mile tunnel and bypass to relieve the bottleneck at Hindhead
Lead	Highways Agency
authority	
Planning	Work on the scheme began in 2007
phase	
Implemen-	Ongoing.
tation phase	
Indicator	Completion and opening of bypass; closure of existing road.
Target	This measure is expected to remove all AQ exceedences in the AQMA
annual	
emission	
reduction in	
the AQMA	
Progress to	The project was completed on time in 2011.
date	
Progress in	Post-operative monitoring has continued since the completion and as expected AQ exceedences have reduced.
last 12	
months	Transformational sizes and 2014
Estimated	Tunnel operational since summer 2011.
completion	
Commonte	Defra are currently reviewing Wayerley's proposals to reveke the AOMA in Hindhood
rolating to	Dena are currently reviewing waveney's proposals to revoke the AquitA in Findhead.
Amission	
reductions	

Item No.	4
Measure	Work with schools
Focus	Community monitoring scheme. The launch of the community monitoring scheme is part of a pilot project involving a partner school in awareness rising of air quality issues.
Lead	Waverley Borough Council
authority	
Planning	December 2008
phase	
Implemen-	Launch of community monitoring scheme in Farnham primary school
tation phase	
Indicator	Continued partnership – monitoring data obtained, publicity in local press
Target	N/a
annual	
emission	
reduction in	
the AQMA	
Progress to	The partnership has been maintained throughout 2009 and 2010
date	
Progress in	Throughout 2012 the Air Quality Officer regularly delivered diffusion tubes to the school. The tube has been changed
last 12	in accordance with national diffusion tube calendar.
months	
Estimated	On going
completion	
date	
Comments	
relating to	
emission	
reductions	

Item No.	5
Measure	Cycling promotion
Focus	Implementation of cycle parking and cycle paths
Lead	Surrey County Council
authority	
Planning	Proposed cycle improvements for Farnham outlined in Farnham Review study
phase	
Implemen-	Not currently being progressed
tation phase	
Indicator	N/a
Target	N/A
annual	
emission	
reduction in	
the AQMA	
Progress to	In 2010 cycling was promoted during Air Quality Awareness
date	
Progress in	Secure cycle paths and storage facilities included as planning conditions on larger proposed development.
last 12	
months	
Estimated	On going
completion	
Comments	
relating to	
reductions	
reductions	

Item No.	6
Measure	Travel plans for major employers
Focus	Requirement and monitoring of travel plans as part of planning consents
Lead	Surrey County Council
authority	
Planning	Ongoing
phase	
Implemen-	Ongoing
tation phase	
Indicator	The number of sites approved or submitted TP
Target	N/a
annual	
emission	
reduction in	
the AQMA	
Progress to	Travel plans for several sites in Farnham and Godalming have been approved or submitted.
date	
Progress in	There were no new travel plans from major employers in Waverely implemented in 2012. There was however a travel
last 12	plan implemented at the residential site adjacent to Farnham Hospital.
months	
Estimated	On going
completion	
date	
Comments	
relating to	
emission	
reductions	

Item No.	7
Measure	Freight Quality Partnership (FQP)
Focus	
Lead	Surrey County Council
authority	
Planning	2010
phase	
Implemen-	ongoing
tation phase	
Indicator	Not available
Target	N/a
annual	
emission	
reduction in	
the AQMA	
Progress to	Loading restrictions have been implemented in Farnham
date	
Progress in	No further progress
last 12	
months	
Estimated	On going
completion	
Commonte	No significant reductions
rolating to	No significant reductions
Amission	
reductions	
10000013	
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Item No.	8
Measure	A Surrey Air Alert Scheme
Focus	A phone / text service to alert people with minor respiratory ailments of imminent air pollution episodes
Lead	All Surrey local authorities involved in air quality monitoring
authority	
Planning	Costing and project plan completed in 2008 by Reigate and Banstead
phase	
Implemen-	Not currently being progressed due to lack of agreed funding.
tation phase	
Indicator	
Target	
annual	
emission	
reduction in	
the AQMA	
Progress to	At present a viable air alert service can only be run in Mole Valley, Reigate and Banstead, and Tandridge, as these
date	are the only areas with sufficient monitoring both north and south of &/or within their Boroughs.
Progress in	DEFRA grant was obtained in mid 2010 to set up a pilot project in East Surrey. if successful project would be rolled
last 12	out to the rest of Surrey. However further development depends on funds availability
months	
Estimated	Not available
completion	
date	
Comments	
relating to	
emission	
reductions	

Item No.	9
Measure	Electric car charging point
Focus	This facility should encourage people to consider purchasing electric cars.
Lead	Waverley Borough Council
authority	
Planning	Feb 2010
phase	
Implemen-	2013
tation phase	
Indicator	Popularity and use of electric charging point.
Target	Not available yet
annual	
emission	
reduction in	
the AQMA	
Progress to	Waverley has now been accepted for the installation of Electric charging points to be placed in public car parks in
date	Farnham.
Progress in	Env Health will continue to encourage installation of Electric charging points across the borough through planning
last 12	process.
months	
Estimated	2013/2014
completion	
date	
Comments	
relating to	
emission	
reductions	

Item No.	10
Measure	Air Quality Information
Focus	New Waverley website launched January 2011.
Lead	Waverley Borough Council
authority	
Planning	New information to support the air quality awareness week added in January 2011
phase	
Implemen-	Website content regularly reviewed
tation phase	
Indicator	Number of people visiting website. From Jan 2010 to December 2010 AQ website was visited 801 times.
Target	N/a
annual	
emission	
reduction in	
the AQMA	
Progress to	Waverley's air quality website www.waverley.gov.uk/airquality contains information about Waverley's air quality work
	and information on now to get involved in tackling local air quality.
Progress in	Advice about biomass bollers was added to the air quality and planning pages.
last 12	AQ pages have been updated with information from AQ Awareness week.
Fotimated	
completion	On going
date	
Comments	
relating to	
emission	
reductions	

Item No.	11
Measure	Air Quality and planning policies
Focus	Potential supplementary guidance to support air quality.
Lead	Waverley Borough Council
authority	
Planning	No date given
phase	
Implemen-	Monitoring of other Local Authorities' Low Emissions Strategies taking place to determine if suitable alternative
tation phase	
Indicator	Production of supplementary planning guidance
Target	N/A
annual	
emission	
reduction in	
the AQMA	
Progress to	EH AQ Officer examines planning list for developments that have potential to impact on AQ. Consultation on planning
date	policies continues.
Progress in	Low-emissions principles are considered in responses to planning and suitable advice given.
last 12	
months	
Estimated	On going
completion	
date	
Comments	Low-emission principles being encouraged through planning consultation process.
relating to	
emission	
reductions	

Item No.	12
Measure	Air Quality raising awareness campaign
Focus	The publication is important in dealing with air pollution problems. The aim of the air quality campaign is to generate
	public activism by heightened public awareness of air pollution, and its impact on human health.
Lead	Waverley Borough Council
authority	
Planning	May –July 2010
phase	
Implemen-	Early 2011
tation phase	
Indicator	Number of information leaflets distributed to general public, schools etc
Target	See also above individual measures: 5-8 and 13-18
annual	
emission	
reduction in	
Progress to	During 2011, leaflets were distributed across local businesses, garages and libraries.
date	Electronic copies of the leaflet were attached to the monthly newsletter forwarded to parents by 5 local secondary
Due une e e in	SCNOOIS.
Progress in	No further work has been carried out since 2011. It is unclear now effective this campaign was.
last 12	
Fotimated	On hold
completion	Onnoid
date	
Comments	This campaign initiative is likely to become available during 2014 to aid potential new measures being considered by
relating to	Waverley
emission	tratelley.
reductions	

Item No.	13
Measure	Defra projects
Focus	Projects that have been undertaken to assess the effectiveness of measures proposed in the action plan.
Lead	Waverley
authority	
Planning	2011
phase	
Implemen-	2012
tation phase	
Indicator	Modelling data and results produced
Target	n/a
annual	
emission	
reduction in	
the AQMA	
Progress to	Farnham report published – raising awareness of diesel car emissions.
date	
Progress in	Farnham report as detailed in this Progress Report. Continuation of Health Impact Assessment and Godalming
last 12	feasibility study.
months	
Estimated	2014
completion	
date	
Comments	
relating to	
emission	
reductions	

Item No.	14
Measure	Review of urban traffic control systems (UTC) on Flambard Way, Godalming.
Focus	Review of traffic-light management through AQMA with aim of minimising idling traffic and congestion
Lead	Surrey County Council
authority	
Planning	
phase	
Implemen-	To be completed between 2014 - 2015
tation phase	
Indicator	Calculated reduction of NO2 emissions based on calculations of reduced queue length and waiting times plus ambient monitoring.
Target	To establish annual emission reduction target detailed information is required with regards to waiting times, and
annual	reductions in queue length. Information has been requested from Surrey County Council; data are not yet available.
emission	
reduction in	
the AQMA	
Progress to	Installation of a new communication system (between the UTC and the computer at Surrey's Network Management
date	Information Centre in Leatherhead) has been completed.
Progress in	System currently operating in minimised congestion mode. The system has not been re-validated due to limited
last 12	resources. SCC agreed re-validation was appropriate but outcome has been on hold due to infancing.
Fotimated	2015
completion	2015
date	
Comments	Ricardo-AFAT are assisting Waverley with Defra projects and data ratification
relating to	
emission	
reductions	

Completed Action	Completed Actions	
Item No.	1	
Measure	Joint agency exercises stopping and checking vehicles	
Focus	These can be used to check air quality emissions	
Lead	WBC, SCC, VOSA, SurPOL	
authority		
Planning	Not yet specified	
phase		
Implemen-	Currently there is no planned joint agency exercise to include air quality emissions testing	
tation phase	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Indicator	Not available	
Target	N/a	
annual		
emission		
reduction in		
the AQMA		
Progress to	No significant progress	
date		
Progress in	There were no roadside vehicles emission checks although other checks were carried out.	
last 12		
months	On hadd webit for the rest fire	
Estimated	On hold until further notice	
completion		
Commonto	VOCA aquinment no longer evailable for this	
comments	VOSA equipment no longer available for this.	
omission		
reductions		
100000113		

Item No.	2
Measure	Review of urban traffic control systems (UTC) on Flambard Way, Godalming and Farnham level crossing
Focus	Review of traffic-light management through AQMA with aim of minimising idling traffic and congestion
Lead	Surrey County Council
authority	
Planning	
phase	
Implemen-	To be completed between 2008 and 2011. Farnham review completed 2013
tation phase	
Indicator	Calculated reduction of NO2 emissions based on calculations of reduced queue length and waiting times plus ambient
	monitoring.
Target	To establish annual emission reduction target detailed information need with regards to waiting times, and reductions
annual	in queue length. Information has been requested from Surrey County Council; data are not yet available.
emission	
reduction in	
the AQMA	
Progress to	Installation of a new communication system (between the UTC and the computer at Surrey's Network Management
date	Information Centre in Leatherhead) has been completed.
Progress in	System currently operating in minimised congestion mode. The system has not been re-validated due to limited
last 12	resources. SCC are now planning to re-validate the system during 2013 to minimise idling traffic within the Farnham
months	level crossing area.
Estimated	2013
completion	
date	
Comments	Ricardo-AEAT are assisting Waverley with Defra projects and data ratification.
relating to	
emission	
reductions	

Item No.	3
Measure	Work with schools
Focus	Installation and use of air quality software in schools
Lead	WBC, SCC, Surrey University
authority	
Planning	Ongoing
phase	
Implemen-	September 2009 to December 2009
tation phase	
Indicator	Number of schools where software is installed and used
Target	N/a
annual	
emission	
reduction in	
the AQMA	
Progress to	TBC once more detail is available from Surrey University
date	
Progress in	No significant progress
months	
Estimated	Not available
completion	
date	
Comments	No information from Surrey University about progress of this project.
relating to	
emission	
reductions	

Item No.	4
Measure	Work with schools
Focus	School Travel plans (STP)
Lead	Surrey County Council
authority	
Planning	2008-11
phase	
Implemen-	Ongoing
tation phase	
Indicator	A number of Schools that completed STP
Target	Not available
annual	
emission	
reduction in	
the AQMA	
Progress to	Surrey County Council is continuing its programme of developing school travel plans through 2008 -2011
date	
Progress in	No more schools expected to join.
last 12	
Fotimated	Completed
completion	Completed
date	
Comments	
relating to	
emission	
reductions	

Item No.	5
Measure	Working with Schools
Focus	The aim of the air pollution campaign is to introduce pupils from local schools to air pollution problems and to teach
	them how small changes in day to day life can benefit the air quality.
Lead	Waverley Borough Council
authority	
Planning	May - July 2010
phase	
Implemen-	Early 2011
tation phase	
Indicator	Number of schools take part in Air Quality awareness campaign
Target	N/a
annual	
emission	
reduction in	
the AQMA	
Progress to	Research of local schools willing to participate in campaign completed. 15 local primary schools agreed to use tool kit
date	for teachers developed by Waverly.
Progress in	The tool kit for teachers completed.
last 12	
months	
Estimated	
completion	
date	
Comments	Completed 2011
relating to	
emission	
reductions	

Item No.	6
Measure	Variable vehicle messaging sign system (VMS) car park signs
Focus	
Lead	Waverley Borough Council
authority	
Planning	2010
phase	
Implemen-	2011
tation phase	
Indicator	Try to remove circulation as cars wait for spaces in favoured car parks
Target	n/a
annual	
emission	
reduction in	
the AQMA	
Progress to	WBC reported low emission parking incentives to Exec C'tte (Sept 2010). Initial assessment is that the scheme is cost
date	prohibitive.
Progress in	No available funding
last 12	
months	
Estimated	On hold
completion	
Commonto	
rolating to	
amission	
reductions	
reductions	

Item No.	7
Measure	Decriminalised parking enforcement
Focus	On-street parking is enforced by Guildford Borough Council (GBC) and car parks are enforced and managed by
	Waverley.
Lead	Waverley Borough Council,
authority	
Planning	Launched April 2007
phase	
Implemen-	On-going
tation phase	
Indicator	Not available
Target	N/a
annual	
emission	
reduction in	
the AQMA	
Progress to	SCC Parking Strategy in LTP3 has been reviewed and will be published in April 2011. The next review in WBC is in
date	April/May if funded by Local Committee; for implementation in early 2012.
Progress in	SCC identified locations where additional on street charges could be introduced across the County. There is now on-
last 12	street charging in central Farnham.
months	
Estimated	2011-2012
completion	
date	
Comments	The majority of locations identified are existing short term parking spaces near shopping areas and other busy
relating to	locations.
emission	
reductions	

Item No.	8
Measure	Real time sign at Farnham Level Crossing
Focus	To encourage drivers to switch off their engines by advising how long the barriers will remain down
Lead	Waverley Borough Council
authority	
Planning	2010
phase	
Implemen-	2011
tation phase	
Indicator	Lower NO2 concentrations in relevant area
Target	n/a
annual	
emission	
reduction in	
the AQMA	
Progress to	Signage placed on signposts along queue area advising to switch off engines while waiting.
date	
Progress in	Interactive display was refused by DfT. SCC are instead looking to optimise the traffic signals on Farnham level
last 12	crossing, working around barrier down times, to lower the time cars are idling
months	
Estimated	2013
completion	
date	
Comments	AEA are assisting Waverley with data modelling to ensure effective results are obtained.
relating to	
emission	
reductions	

9 Conclusions and Proposed Actions

8.1 Conclusions from New Monitoring Data

The results of diffusion tube monitoring within Waverley Borough indicate that the UK objective for annual mean nitrogen dioxide continues to be exceeded in the Godalming and Farnham AQMA's. It is therefore recommended that these be retained.

The results for the Hindhead AQMA show a significant reduction as expected since the opening of the Hindhead tunnel. It is therefore proposed to continue in discussions with Defra concerning the revocation of the AQMA in 2014.

Although exceedence of the UK objective for annual mean nitrogen dioxide was recorded by diffusion tubes at other sites outside of AQMA's, a number of these sites were not immediately situated at relevant receptors, and some had already been subject to Detailed Assessment.

The increase in annual mean concentrations across Waverley does not necessarily indicate an upward trend in concentrations and will continue to be monitored. During November and December 2013 the concentrations increased notably and are likely to be affected by the adverse weather patterns seen across Southern Britain during that time. If the increase in concentrations continue throughout 2014 they will be assessed through the next USA report due in 2015 and considerations will be given for Detailed Assessments on any that continually exceed the annual mean concentrations.

Ratified 2013 PM₁₀ data indicates generally standard annual and daily mean PM₁₀ concentrations and are well below air quality objectives.

8.2 Conclusions relating to New Local Developments

Waverley Borough Council has identified no relevant new developments requiring assessment, since the Updating and Screening Assessment 2013.

8.3 Other Conclusions

The Action Plan has identified the work that Waverley Borough Council and a range of partners are required to carry out to reduce air quality problems identified in AQMAs, and to meet the Government objective for nitrogen dioxide. However, many of the Action Plan measures are beyond the direct control of the Borough Council. Therefore, the success of the Action Plan will depend partly on the input of the local transportation authority – Surrey County Council. This is especially the case where Air Quality Management Areas are declared as a result of traffic related emissions. To assess the effectiveness of the Action Plan, some projects were developed. These are on going and include feasibility studies in Farnham and Godalming, due to the continued exceedence of nitrogen dioxide annual mean objectives. A Health Impact Assessment is also being undertaken to re-assess the health impacts as a direct result of poor air quality through emissions.

The completion of the Hindhead bypass was expected to resolve air quality problems at the Hindhead AQMA. Continuous monitoring has established more confidence in results for this area, and discussions will continue for the revocation of the existing AQMA.

8.4 Proposed Actions

Currently no changes are proposed for the boundaries of the AQMA in Farnham. There is ongoing monitoring around Farnham level crossing, to review any further exceedences since the Detailed Assessment was carried out. The Godalming AQMA may be subject to an extension to the current area, if the monitoring at the sites located outside of the AQMA indicate exceedences of the nitrogen dioxide annual mean. Two of the monitoring sites indicated in the USA 2012 fall slightly outside of the Godalming AQMA and further diffusion tubes were located to establish more relative results. Limited data and relocation of some tubes to locations of more relevant exposure led to low confidence levels in the data which indicated exceedences at those locations. Further monitoring was advised to be completed to allow strong evidence of a trend in increased concentrations. Further data obtained during 2013 indicates an upward trend at God 7 and therefore a Detailed Assessment will now be carried out at this site, Holloway Hill in Godalming.

Waverley will continue to monitor air quality in line with the Environment Act 1995.

The officers from Waverley will continue to work closely with partners toward achieving the air quality standards. However, implementation of many of the measures will depend strongly on funding availability

9 References

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Appendix A

Farnham Diffusion Tube Precision and Accuracy

Checking Precision and Accuracy of Triplicate Tubes

			Diffu	usion Tu	bes Mea	surements	3		
Period	Start Date dd/mm/yyyy	End Date dd/mm/yyyy	Tube 1 μgm ⁻³	Tube 1Tube 2Tube 3Triplicate μgm^{-3} μgm^{-3} μgm^{-3} Mean		Standard Deviation	Coefficient of Variation (CV)	95% CI of mean	
1	03/01/2013	31/01/2013	45.0	41.0	43.0	43	2.0	5	5.0
2	31/01/2013	28/02/2013	36.0	46.0	37.0	40	5.5	14	13.7
З	28/02/2013	27/03/2013	4 6.0	50.0	50.0	4 9	2.3	5	5.7
4	27/03/2013	24/04/2013	40.0	40.0	36.0	39	2.3	6	5.7
5	24/04/2013	30/05/2013	22.0	20.0	19.0	20	1.5	8	3.8
6	30/05/2013	26/06/2013	34.0	36.0	36.0	35	1.2	3	2.9
7	26/06/2013	01/08/2013	36.0	38.0	35.0	36	1.5	4	3.8
8	01/08/2013	29/08/2013	34.0	35.0	36.0	35	1.0	3	2.5
9	28/08/2013	01/10/2013	42.0	38.0	41.0	40	2.1	5	5.2
10	01/10/2013	30/10/2013	32.0	36.0	34.0	34	2.0	6	5.0
11	30/10/2013	04/12/2013	50.0	48.0	47.0	48	1.5	3	3.8
12	04/12/2013	08/01/2013	47.0	51.0	49.0	49	2.0	4	5.0
13									

Precision

AEA Energy & Environment

			Automa	tic Method	Data Quality Check				
efficient Variation (CV)	95% CI of mean		Period Mean	Data Capture (% DC)	Tubes Precision Check	Automatic Monitor Data			
5	5.0		39.07	99.19	Good	Good			
14	13.7		40.51	100	Good	Good			
5	5.7		45.77	99.87	Good	Good			
6	5.7		33.62	100	Good	Good			
8	3.8		33	99.6	Good	Good			
3	2.9		27	96.39	Good	Good			
4	3.8		33	100	Good	Good			
3	2.5		33	99.9	Good	Good			
5	5.2		35	99.9	Good	Good			
6	5.0		31	99.9	Good	Good			
3	3.8		42.18	100	Good	Good			
4	5.0		43.91	100	Good	Good			
nent s		-	Overal	ll survey ->	Good precision	Good Overall DC			
12 out of 1	2 periods h	nave a C	V smaller t	han 20%	(Check average	(Check average CV & DC from			

It is necessary to have results for at least two tubes in order to calculate the precision of the measurements

Site Name/ID:

Farnham

Accuracy	fwith 95	% conf	idence	interval)
without period	ds with CV	larger	than 20)%
Bias calculated	d using 12	period	s of dat	a
Bias	factor A	0.93	(0.85 - 1	1.03)
	Bias B	7%	(-3% - 1	18%)
Diffusion Tube	s Mean:	39	µgm ⁻³	
Mean CV (Pr	ecision):	5		
Automati	ic Mean:	36	µgm ⁻³	
Data Capture	for period:	s used:	100%	
Adjusted Tube	s Mean:	36 (33	3 - 40)	µgm ⁻³

Accuracy	(with 95	% confidenc	e interval)	_
WITH ALL DA	ТА			
Bias calculate	d using 12	periods of da	ata	4
Bias	a factor A	0.93 (0.85	- 1.03)	
	Bias B	7% (-3% ·	- 18%)	
Diffusion Tub	es Mean:	39 µgm	-3	
Mean CV (Pr	ecision):	5		ļ
Automa	lic Mean:	36 µgm	-3	Ľ
Data Captu	re for period	s used: 100%	,	
Adjusted Tub	es Mean:	36 (33 - 40)	µgm ⁻³	



Accuracy calculations)

Jaume Targa, for AEA Version 04 - February 2011

Cł	necking	Precisio	n and	Acci	uracy	of Trip	licate T	ubes	N	From th		ergy & I	Invironm	nent
			Diffu	usion Tu	ibes Mea	surement	3			Au	utomat	ic Method	Data Quali	ty Check
Period	Start Date dd/mm/yyyy	End Date dd/mm/yyyy	Tube 1 μgm ⁻³	Tube 2 µgm ⁻³	Tube 3 µgm ⁻³	Triplicate Mean	Standard Deviation	Coefficient of Variation (CV)	95% CI of mean	Pe M	eriod Aean	Data Capture (% DC)	Tubes Precision Check	Automatic Monitor Data
1	03/01/2013	31/01/2013	37.0	37.0	38.0	37	0.6	2	1.4	3	36.61	99.87	Good	Good
2	31/01/2013	28/02/2013	35.0	31.0	43.0	36	6.1	17	15.2	3	36.96	100	Good	Good
3	28/02/2013	27/03/2013	45.0	45.0	47.0	46	12	3	29	4	40 84	99.87	Good	Good
4	27/03/2013	24/04/2013	40.0	33.0	34.0	36	3.8	11	9.4	2	26.12	99.86	Good	Good
5	24/04/2013	30/05/2013	28.0	23.0	24.0	25	2.6	11	6.6		21	99.19	Good	Good
6	30/05/2013	26/06/2013	30.0	32.0	30.0	31	1.2	4	2.9		19	96.53	Good	Good
7	26/06/2013	01/08/2013	29.0	25.0	29.0	28	2.3	8	5.7		24	100	Good	Good
8	01/08/2013	29/08/2013	37.0	32.0	35.0	35	2.5	7	6.3		21	100	Good	Good
9	28/08/2013	01/10/2013									28	100		Good
10	01/10/2013	30/10/2013	26.0	37.0	30.0	31	5.6	18	13.8		23	99.87	Good	Good
11	30/10/2013	04/12/2013	30.0	41.0	43.0	38	7.0	18	17.4	3	33.18	100	Good	Good
12	04/12/2013	08/01/2013	40.0		39.0	40	0.7	2	6.4	3	30.69	95.26	Good	Good
13														
ltisr	necessary to hav	ve results for at	least two tu	ıbes in ord	er to calcul	ate the precis	ion of the meas	surem ents		C	Overall	survey –>	Good precision	Good Overall DC
Sit	e Name/ID:		Godaln	ning			Precision	11 out of 1	1 periods ha	ave a CV sn	maller th	ian 20%	(Check average Accuracy ca	CV & DC from
	Accuracy	(with §	95% con	fidence	interval)		Accuracy	(with 9	95% confi	dence int	erval)		Accuracy ca	aculations)
	without pe Bias calcula B Diffusion T Mean CV	riods with C ated using 1 ias factor A Bias B Bias B ubes Mean: (Precision):	V larger 1 period 0.82 22% 35 35	than 20 s of data : (0.73 - ((7% - : μgm ⁻³	% a).93) 36%)		WITH ALL DATA Bias calculated using 11 periods of data Bias factor A 0.82 (0.73 - 0.93) Bias B 22% (7% - 36%) Diffusion Tubes Mean: 35 µgm ⁻³							With all data
	Autor Data Cap	natic Mean: ture for perio	28 ds used: 28_(2	μgm ⁻³ 99% 5 - 32)	uam-3		Auto Data Ca Adjusted 1	matic Mean: pture for perio	28 ods used: 1 28 (25		<u></u> - _{50%}	Jaume Tar	a, for AFA	
	Majusteu I	arres mean.	- 20 (2	- JZJ	M 3		najasteu	WWED MEdil.	20 (23-	<u> 72/ M9</u>		Ven	sion 04 - Feb	ruary 2011

Godalming Diffusion Tube Precision and Accuracy

Hin	lindhead Diffusion Tube Precision and Accuracy													
Cł	Checking Precision and Accuracy of Triplicate Tubes													
			Diffu	usion Tu	ibes Mea	surements	3			Automat	ic Method	Data Quality Check		
Period	Start Date dd/mm/yyyy	End Date dd/mm/yyyy	Tube 1 μgm ⁻³	Tube 2 μgm ⁻³	Tube 3 μgm ⁻³	Triplicate Mean	Standard Deviation	Coefficient of Variation (CV)	95% CI of mean	Period Mean	Data Capture (% DC)	Tubes Precision Check	Automatic Monitor Data	
1	03/01/2013	31/01/2013	40.0	38.0	36.0	38	2.0	5	5.0	32.07	95.97	Good	Good	
2	31/01/2013	28/02/2013	32.0	33.0	31.0	32	1.0	3	2.5	33.27	94.94	Good	Good	
3	28/02/2013	27/03/2013	32.0	31.0	31.0	31	0.6	2	1.4	28.87	95.03	Good	Good	
4	27/03/2013	24/04/2013	33.0	30.0	34.0	32	2.1	6	5.2	33.41	93.06	Good	Good	
5	24/04/2013	30/05/2013	22.0	19.0	28.0	23	4.6	20	11.4	37	95.83	Poor Precision	Good	
6	30/05/2013	26/06/2013	31.0	29.0	29.0	30	1.2	4	2.9	30	89.31	Good	Good	
/	26/06/2013	01/08/2013	35.0	38.0	36.0	36	1.5	4	3.8			Good		
8	01/08/2013	29/08/2013	39.0	41.0	35.0	38	3.1	8	7.6			Good		
9	28/08/2013	01/10/2013	35.0	37.0	36.0	36	1.0	3	2.5			Good		
10	01/10/2013	30/10/2013	32.0	39.0	35.0	35	3.5	10	8.7			Good		
11	30/10/2013	04/12/2013	39.0	38.0	41.0	39	15	4	38			Good		
12	04/12/2013	08/01/2013	38.0	36.0	38.0	37	1.2	3	2.9			Good		
13														
lt is r	lecessary to hav	e results for at	least two tu	ibes in ordi	er to calcul	ate the precisi	ion of the meas	surem ents		Overal	survey –>	Good precision	Good Overall DC	
Sit	e Name/ ID :		Hindhe	ead			Precision	11 out of 1	2 periods hav	/e a CV smaller th	smaller than 20% (Check average CV & DC from			
	A	A	Σ Ω/	Edamaa	internell		0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	/:Ala /		an a a infama B		Accuracy ca	iculations)	
	Accuracy	(with s	/o% con	Indence	interval) M		Accuracy	(WILLIA	95% conna	ence interval)				
	without pe	rioas with C	v larger	than 20	70		WITHALL	DATA			00%			
	Bias calcula	ated using 5	penods	of data			Bias calcu	lated using t	periods of	data	្ព ខ្លួ 25%			
	В	las factor A	0.96	(0.87 - 1	.09)		Ľ	Bias factor A	1.05 (0	.86 - 1.32)	ä	I	T	
		Bias B	4%	(-8% - 1	5%)			Bias B	-4% (-2	24% -16%)	<u> </u>	Without E Vs 20%	With all data	
	Diffusion T	ubes Mean:		µgm- ³			Diffusion 1	Fubes Mean:		11101001 0 11 20 70				
	Mean CV	(Precision):	4				 Mean C∨	(Precision):	7		<u>s</u> -20%			
	Autor	natic Mean:	32	uam ⁻³			Auto	matic Mean:	Jam ⁻³	5 -50%				
	Data Cap	ture for perio	ds used:	94%			Data Ca	pture for peri-	odsused: 9	4%				
	Adjusted T	ubes Mean:	31 (2	8 - 36)	uam ⁻³		Adjusted 1	Tubes Mean:	33 (27 -	41) µam ⁻³		Jaume Tan	ga, for AEA	
									(Ver	sion 04 - Febi	ruary 2011	

Appendix B

Unbiased NO2 data in micrograms per cubic metre, 2013																
SITE	Jan	Feb	March	April	May	June	July	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Average	local bias	National bias	data capture
NO2	03/01/13 - 31/01/13	31/01 - 28/02	28/02 - 27/03	27/03- 24/04	24/04- 30/05	30/05- 26/06	26/06- 01/08	01/08- 29/08	28/08- 01/10	01/10- 30/10	30/10- 04/12	04/12- 08/01		0.90	0.83	%
Farn1	50.0	60.0	63.0	59.0	41.0	48.0	59.0		57.0	56.0	64.0	70.0	57.0	51.3	47.3	91.7
Farn1B	49.0	63.0	66.0	69.0	44.0	60.0	67.0	59.0	61.0	66.0	68.0	69.0	61.8	55.6	51.3	100.0
Farn2	60.0	41.0	60.0	50.0	25.0	44.0	48.0	43.0	50.0	48.0	53.0	56.0	48.2	43.4	40.0	100.0
Farn3	26.0	26.0	34.0		12.0	16.0	18.0	14.0	18.0	13.0	24.0	22.0	20.3	18.2	16.8	91.7
Farn5	58.0	46.0	64.0	41.0	35.0		35.0	42.0	45.0	7	59.0	49.0	47.4	42.7	39.3	83.3
Farn6	55.0	48.0	57.0	47.0	25.0	39.0	38.0	18.0	23.0	34.0	46.0	39.0	39.1	35.2	32.4	100.0
Farn7	44.0	36.0	41.0	32.0	27.0	28.0	34.0	35.0	38.0	22.0	44.0	40.0	35.1	31.6	29.1	100.0
Farn8	45.0	36.0	46.0	40.0	22.0	34.0	36.0	34.0	42.0	32.0	50.0	47.0	38.7	34.8	32.1	100.0
Farn8B	41.0	46.0	50.0	40.0	20.0	36.0	38.0	35.0	38.0	36.0	48.0	51.0	39.9	35.9	33.1	100.0
Farn 8C	43.0	37.0	50.0	36.0	19.0	36.0	35.0	36.0	41.0	34.0	47.0	49.0	38.6	34.7	32.0	100.0
Farn9	53.0	47.0	52.0	33.0	25.0	41.0	48.0	47.0		46.0	54.0	43.0	44.5	40.0	36.9	91.7
Farn10		29.0	46.0	32.0	18.0	28.0	19.0	24.0	28.0	21.0	38.0	23.0	27.8	25.0	23.1	91.7
Farn11	19.0	38.0	46.0	50.0	35.0	36.0	30.0		52.0	25.0	40.0	28.0	36.3	32.6	30.1	91.7
Farn12	49.0	52.0	50.0		22.0	50.0		30.0	27.0	52.0	72.0	68.0	47.2	42.5	39.2	83.3
Farn13	43.0		49.0	36.0	25.0	40.0	36.0	41.0	40.0	40.0	53.0	50.0	41.2	37.1	34.2	91.7
Farn14	61.0	63.0	68.0	59.0	1	42.0	56.0	46.0	52.0	45.0	59.0	56.0	55.2	49.7	45.8	91.7
Farn 16	37.0	32.0		31.0	23.0	22.0	22.0	33.0	29.0	24.0	37.0	24.0	28.5	25.7	23.7	91.7
Farn 18	51.0	64.0	73.0	46.0	43.0	52.0	57.0	40.0	46.0	41.0	58.0		51.9	46.7	43.1	91.7
Farn 19	17.0	30.0	43.0	27.0	18.0	25.0	21.0	23.0	29.0	25.0	40.0	26.0	27.0	24.3	22.4	100.0
God1		51.0	59.0	53.0	41.0	41.0	45.0	44.0	41.0	45.0		65.0	48.5	43.7	40.3	83.3
God2	27.0	24.0	32.0	28.0	7.0	23.0	15.0	31.0		20.0	30.0	27.0	24.0	21.6	19.9	91.7
God 3	46.0	43.0	57.0	51.0	20.0	38.0		35.0	37.0	36.0	46.0	47.0	41.5	37.3	34.4	91.7
God4	53.0	60.0	76.0	52.0	27.0	39.0	40.0	41.0					48.5	43.7	40.3	66.7
God5	55.0	53.0		38.0	29.0	39.0	35.0	32.0	41.0		48.0	56.0	42.6	38.3	35.4	83.3

God 6	35.0	33.0			19.0	22.0	20.0	20.0	27.0	22.0	35.0	32.0	26.5	23.9	22.0	83.3
God 7	72.0	52.0		31.0	45.0		58.0	51.0	52.0	44.0	54.0	48.0	50.7	45.6	42.1	83.3
God 8a	37.0	35.0	45.0	40.0	28.0	30.0	29.0	37.0		26.0	30.0	40.0	34.3	30.8	28.4	91.7
God 8b	37.0	31.0	45.0	33.0	23.0	32.0	25.0	32.0		27.0	41.0		32.6	29.3	27.1	83.3
God 8c	38.0	43.0	47.0	34.0	24.0	30.0	29.0	35.0		30.0	43.0	39.0	35.6	32.1	29.6	91.7
God 9	37.0	43.0	49.0		22.0	34.0	36.0	43.0		32.0	45.0	34.0	37.5	33.8	31.1	83.3
God 10	47.0	39.0	49.0		36.0	31.0		40.0		35.0	25.0	47.0	38.8	34.9	32.2	75.0
God 11	34.0	29.0	35.0	28.0	18.0	20.0	22.0	32.0		23.0		28.0	26.9	24.2	22.3	83.3
Cran1	31.0	24.0	29.0	24.0	12.0	19.0	19.0	19.0	22.0	21.0	29.0	27.0	23.0	20.7	19.1	100.0
Cran2	23.0	20.0	22.0	13.0	11.0	14.0	12.0	13.0	14.0	14.0	23.0	17.0	16.3	14.7	13.6	100.0
Cran4	34.0	31.0	35.0	28.0	18.0	22.0	19.0	27.0	23.0	23.0	36.0	27.0	26.9	24.2	22.3	100.0
Hind1	15.0	55.0	62.0	54.0		47.0	50.0	51.0	49.0	50.0	59.0	49.0	49.2	44.3	40.8	91.7
Hind2	25.0	24.0	24.0	21.0	14.0	18.0		17.0	18.0	17.0	29.0	4.0	19.2	17.3	15.9	91.7
Hasl1	40.0	35.0	40.0	31.0	22.0	25.0	30.0	27.0	35.0	31.0	41.0	35.0	32.7	29.4	27.1	100.0
Hasl2	20.0	23.0	21.0	15.0		12.0	16.0	13.0		13.0	18.0	15.0	16.6	14.9	13.8	83.3
Hasl3	44.0	34.0	46.0	42.0		37.0	42.0	21.0	34.0	4	42.0	37.0	37.9	34.1	31.5	83.3
Hasl4	48.0	56.0	58.0	45.0	26.0	37.0		38.0	41.0	39.0	56.0	49.0	44.8	40.3	37.2	91.7
Hasl5	46.0	38.0	39.0	30.0	27.0	35.0		23.0	37.0	33.0	49.0	57.0	37.6	33.9	31.2	91.7
Bram2	37.0	30.0	34.0	28.0	17.0	19.0	23.0	24.0	25.0	24.0	32.0	32.0	27.1	24.4	22.5	100.0
Bram3	30.0	28.0	32.0	23.0		23.0	21.0	21.0	23.0	20.0	30.0	28.0	25.4	22.8	21.1	91.7
Pet1	33.0		33.0	22.0	13.0	23.0	22.0	24.0	22.0	23.0	35.0	30.0	25.5	22.9	21.1	91.7
Au 1a	40.0	32.0	32.0	33.0	22.0	31.0	35.0	39.0	35.0	32.0	39.0	38.0	34.0	30.6	28.2	100.0
Au 1b	38.0	33.0	31.0	30.0	19.0	29.0	38.0	41.0	37.0	39.0	38.0	36.0	34.1	30.7	28.3	100.0
Au 1c	36.0	31.0	31.0	34.0	28.0	29.0	36.0	35.0	36.0	35.0	41.0	38.0	34.2	30.8	28.4	100.0
Dun1	39.0	39.0	42.0	30.0	23.0	27.0	26.0	30.0	28.0	25.0	42.0	33.0	32.0	28.8	26.6	100.0
Dun2	30.0	19.0	22.0	16.0	12.0	23.0	17.0	23.0	17.0	16.0	26.0	16.0	19.8	17.8	16.4	100.0
Blank	5.0		6.0	8.0			\mathcal{A}			5.0	4.0	4.0	5.3	4.8	4.4	50.0